

Growing Up in Ireland

-the National Longitudinal Study of Children

The Economic and Social Research Institute and Trinity College, Dublin

Infant Cohort Presentation 01:

Sample Design and Weighting



The Sample of 9-month-old infants

- 73,662 infants (less than one year old) in population
- Random sample of 11,000 9-month-olds resident in Ireland
- Child Benefit Register used as sampling frame
- Sampled over 7 month period
- Simple, systematic selection procedure, random start and constant sampling fraction



Securing informed consent from families

- Information sent to family in advance of first contact from interviewer
- Face-to-face visit from interviewer to organise appointment
- Opt-out basis
- Consent forms signed by parents/guardians prior to start of interview
- Response rate was 64.3%



Re-weighting the sample

- Differential response higher ed, higher social class more likely to respond
- Data were re-weighted or statistically adjusted to account for any differences in structure of population and completed sample
- Statistical re-weighting is a standard procedure and should be carried out in respect of all sample surveys prior to analysis

 Minimum information loss algorithm used to generate the weighting scheme. System used in ESRI is called GROSS – similar to CALMAR and ADJUST. Iterative column marginal approach.